



# Morphologic sub-classification of cervical tumors by using machine-learning techniques

1

*César Catarina, Luis Gómez, David Macías and Mario Federico*

*Hospital Universitario de Gran Canaria Dr. Negrín*

*Universidad de Las Palmas de Gran Canaria*

# Contents

- Cancer of Cervix
- Complexity of the problem
- Morphological Analysis
- Results
- Solutions and Future Work?

# Cancer of Cervix

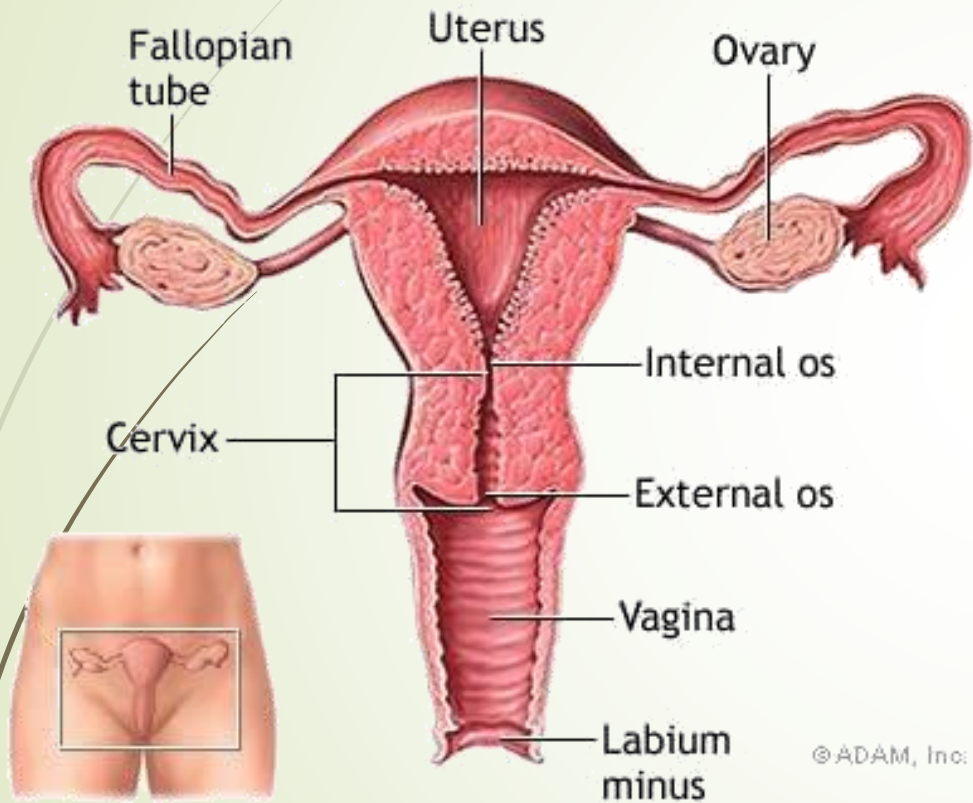


Figure 1: Cervix Location.

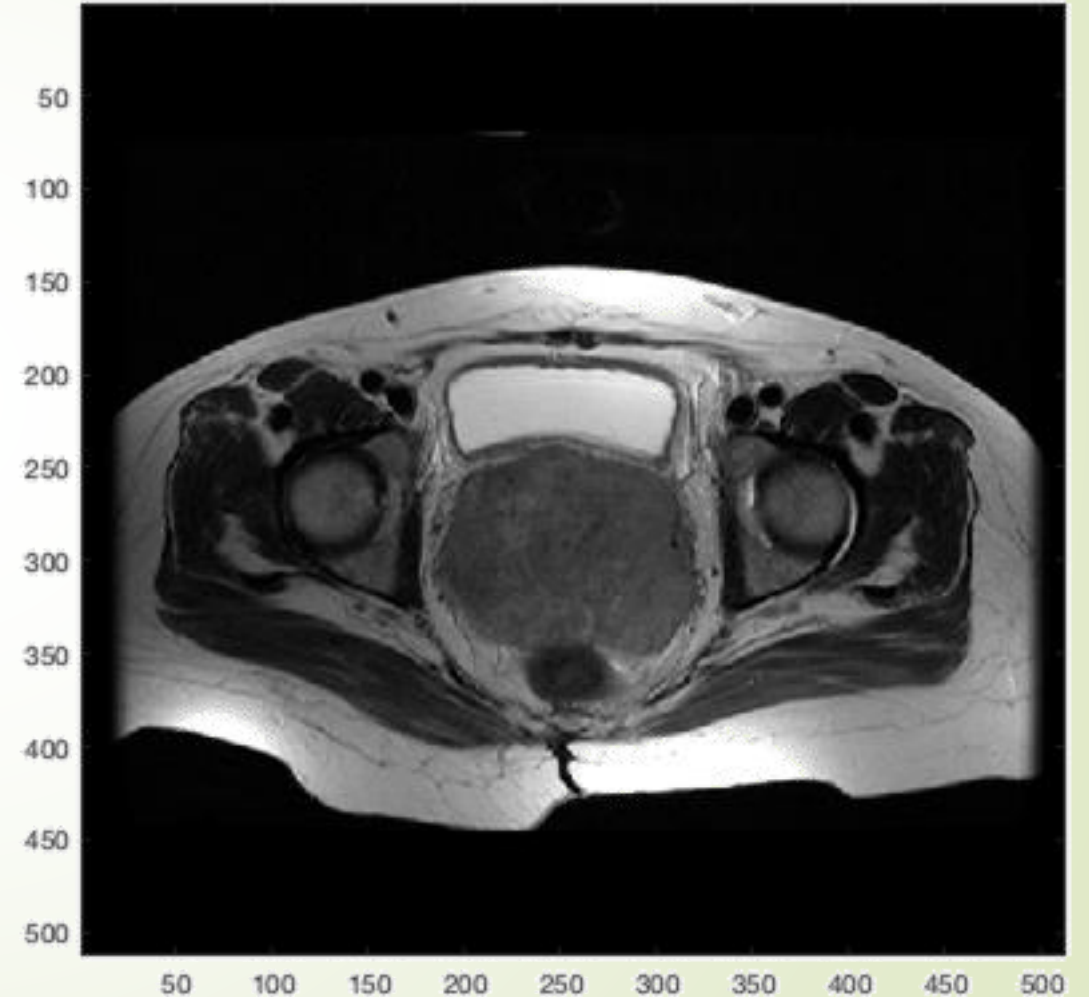


Figure 2: MRI slice example.

# Cancer of Cervix

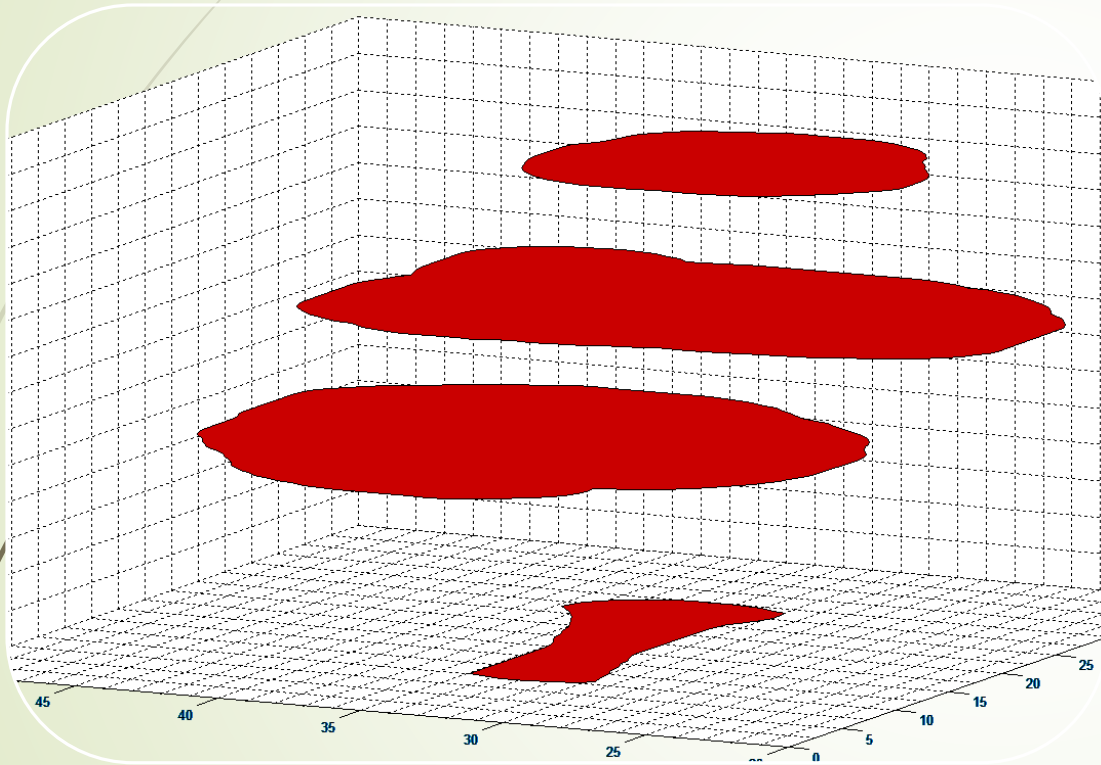


Figure 3: Tumor example.

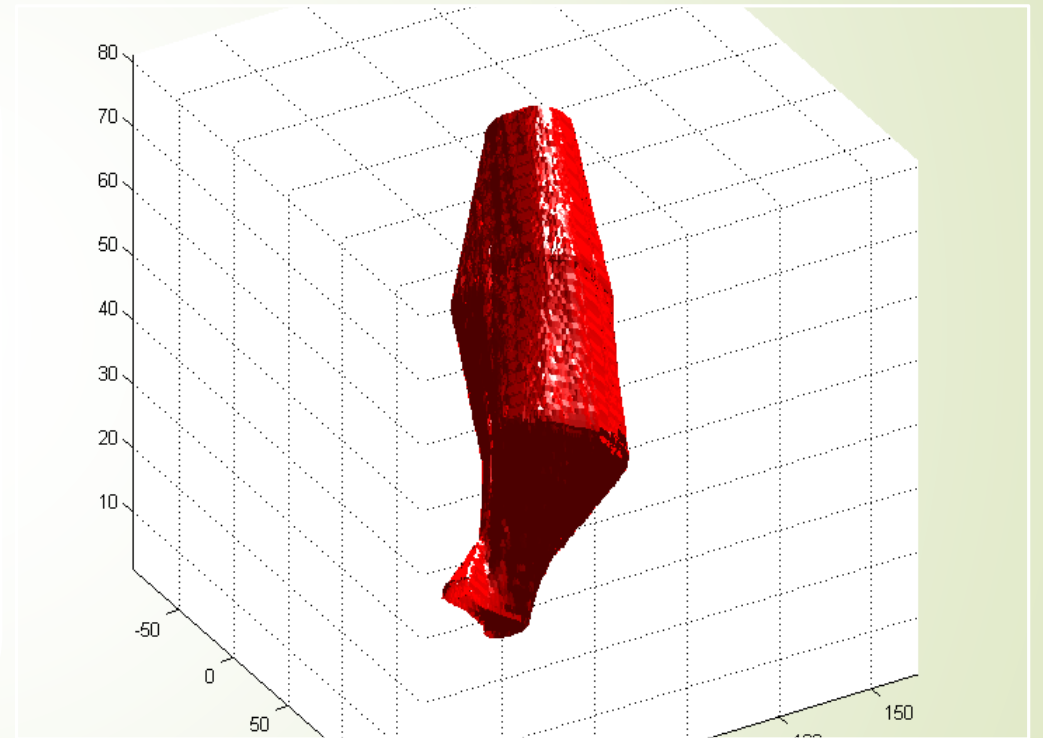
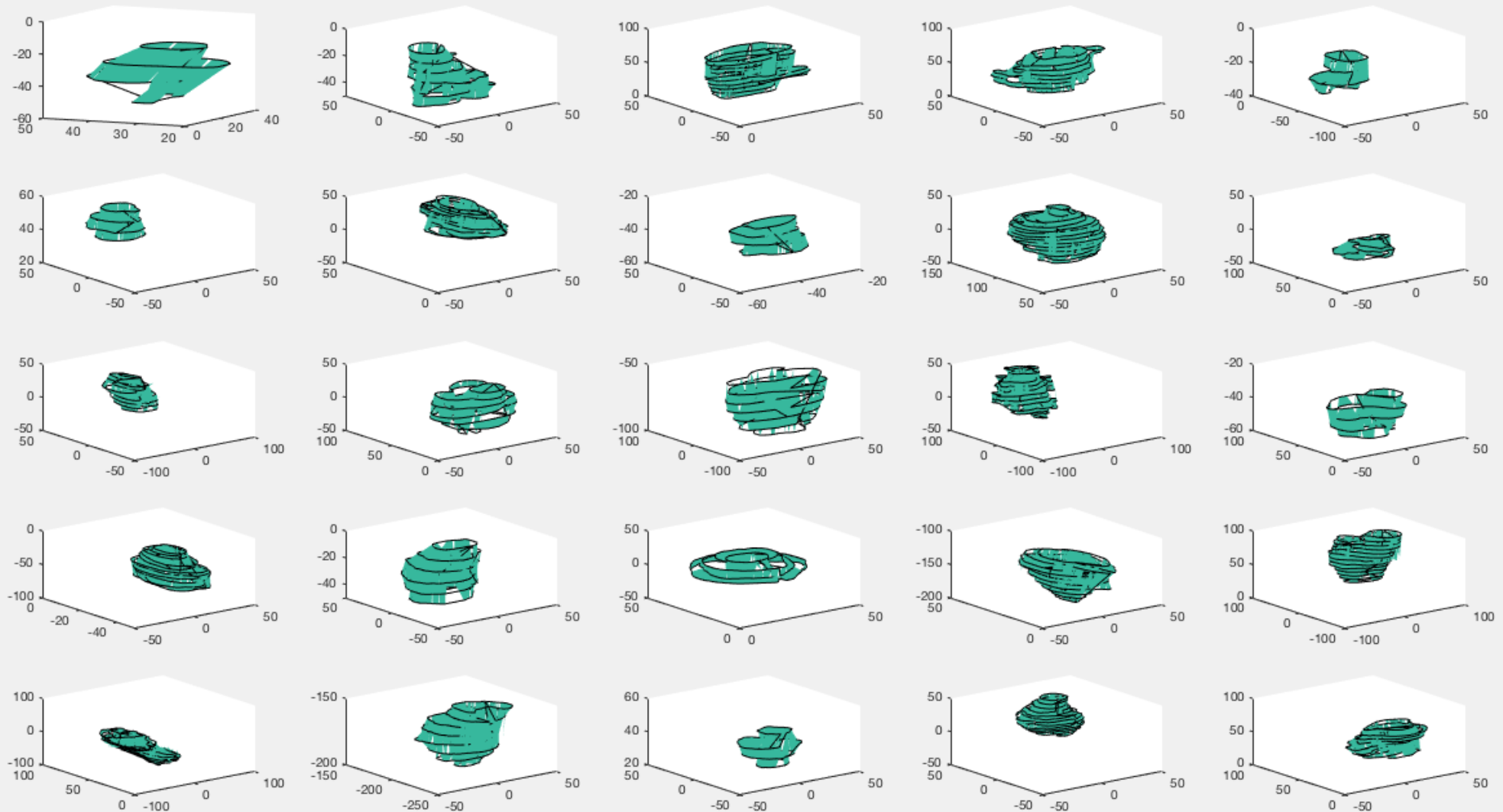


Figure 4: Rendered Tumor example.

# Different pattern to look for



# Morphological Analysis

- ▶ Volume Oncentra
- ▶ Radius
- ▶ Min Radius
- ▶ Max Radius
- ▶ Ratio min max Radius
- ▶ STD Radius
- ▶ Slice Max Area
- ▶ Slice Max Perimeter
- ▶ Surface
- ▶ Convex Slice Max Area
- ▶ Volume of Convex
- ▶ STD Radius / Normalized
- ▶ Difference between areas
- ▶ Max Difference between areas
- ▶ Circularity
- ▶ "Sphericity"
- ▶ Mean Curvature Perimeter
- ▶ Percent Curvature Perimeter
- ▶ Max Curvature Perimeter

# Complexity of the problem

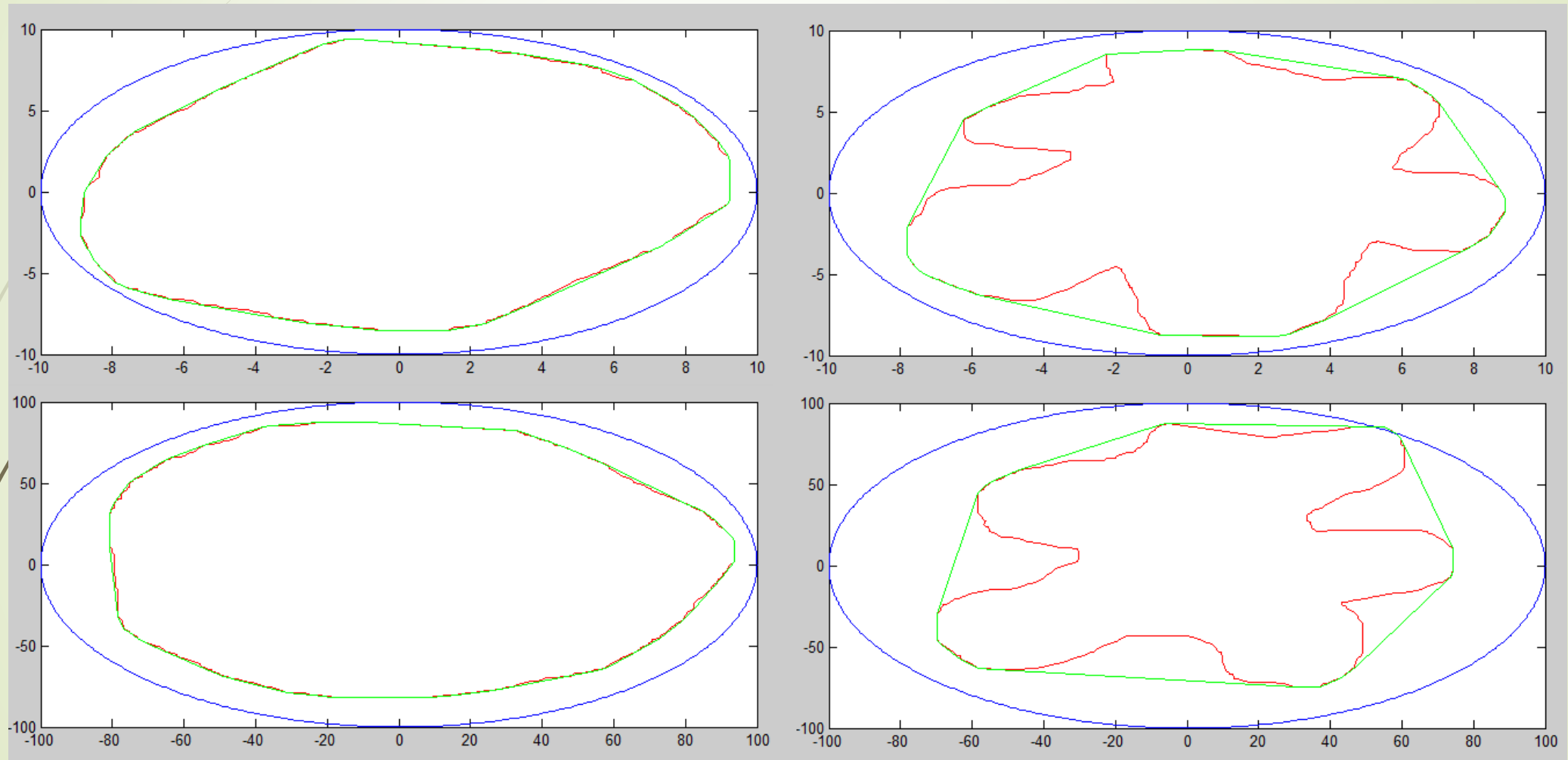


Figure 4: Example of Complexity of the problem.

# Results

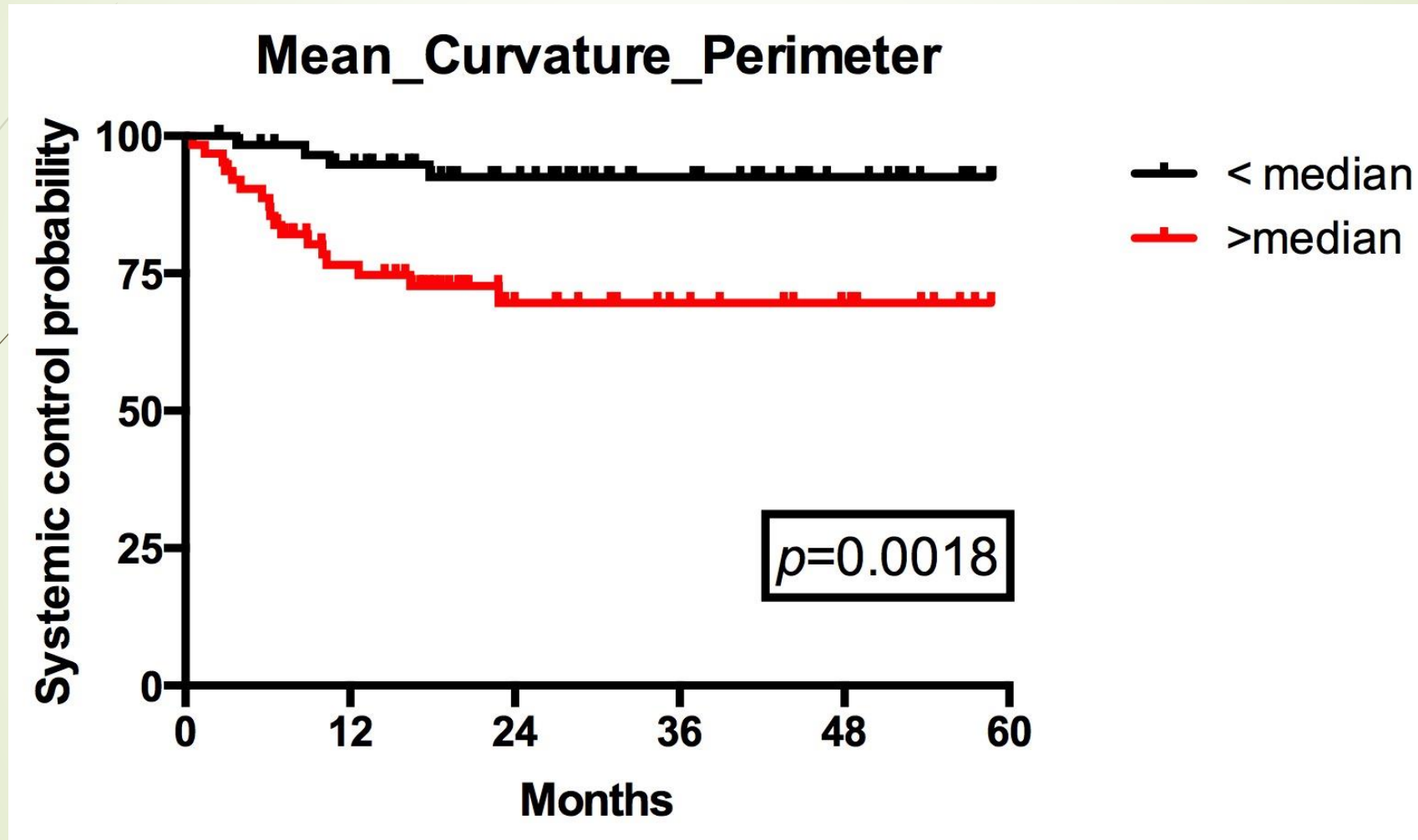


Figure 5: Kaplan-Meier of the attribute Mean Curvature Perimeter.





# Morphologic sub-classification of cervical tumors by using machine-learning techniques

9

*César Catarina, Luis Gómez, David Macías y Mario Federico*

*Hospital Universitario de Gran Canaria Dr. Negrín*

*Universidad de Las Palmas de Gran Canaria*